Chapter 6 Live / Crime prevention

An act that does not constitute a crime in your country or region could be a crime in Japan. Understand Japanese laws and rules and live safely.

6-1 Residence card

- You must always carry a residence card with you.
- Understand the activities permitted under your status of residence. Do not engage in any activities other than permitted.

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http://www.clair.or.jp/tagengorev/en/b/index.html

(CLAIR (Council of Local Authorities for International Relations))

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In addition to the residence card, your passport is also an important identification card. Do not leave it to someone else and keep it yourself securely.

6-2 My Number

- Ensure not to lose your My Number.
- Do not tell your My Number to other people. because it identifies your personal information.
- My Number System website for foreigners:





<My Number notification card>

https://www.cao.go.jp/bangouseido/foreigners/english.html

(Cabinet Office, Government of Japan)

6-3 Things to avoid in Japan (illegal acts)



① Selling a bank account under your name to another person is against the law.



2 Do not lend or borrow a health insurance card or a credit card. Try not to lend or borrow money either.

<Residence card>



③ Do not walk with dangerous objects, such as knives or scissors.



 ④ Do not ride other people's bicycles in the station or on the road.



 Don't take away oversized garbage that (furniture, appliances, etc.) has been put out by others.



⑥ Do not take away vegetables or fruits from other people's fields or gardens trees.

6-4 In the event of an incident \Rightarrow Call 110



- incident, call 110 to "wh contact the police. "wh
- Properly communicate "when," "where," and "what happened."
- Tell your "name" and "contact number." (Tel.No., Address)
- If you are unable to make a call on your own, ask someone nearby for help.
- Do not hang up the phone in the middle of the conversation. Inform the police of necessary information.
- They can respond in foreign languages. It is alright if you only speak in simple Japanese.

6-5 In the event of a traffic accident \Rightarrow call 119 and 110

- ① If someone is injured, call an ambulance (dial 119).
- ② Call the police (dial 110) regardless of whether someone is injured or not.
- ③ Do not leave the scene of the accident until police officers arrive.Wait in a safe place nearby.
- ④ When police officers arrive, explain what happened and let them investigate the accident.
- (5) In Japan, an insurance company serves to mediate between the person who caused the accident and the victim of the accident. If you cause an accident, you may have to pay a huge sum of money. It is advisable to get a bicycle or car insurance.

Even if you think you are not injured at the time of an accident, you may find yourself injured later. If you are involved in a traffic accident, make sure to visit a hospital.

6-6 When an item is lost or stolen

- ① Go to the nearby police station or police box and report the incident.
- ② If you lose your "credit card" or "bank card," contact the creditt card company or bank immediately and stop the card.

<"Nihongo" – let's use it!>











